ਦਫ਼ਤਰ ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਸ਼ਦ, ਮਾਨਸਾ (ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸੈੱਲ)

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देख.

- ਸਮੂਹ ਸਬ ਭਵੀਜਨਲ ਮੈਜਿਸ਼ਟੇਟ, ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 2. ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਜੰਗਲਾਤ ਅਵਸਰ, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 3. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਲਹਿਲ ਮੰਡਲ, ਪਟਿਆਲਾ,
- 4. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਆਈ.ਬੀ. ਜਵਾਹਰਕੇ,
- 5. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਆਈ.ਬੀ. ਸੰਗਰੂਰ,
- 6. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਵ/ਸ ਅਤੇ ਸੈਨੀਟੇਸ਼ਨ ਮੰਡਲ ਨੰ: 1, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 7. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਵ/ਸ ਅਤੇ ਸੈਨੀਟੇਸ਼ਨ ਮੰਡਲ ਨੰ: 2, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 8. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਜਲ ਨਿਕਾਸ ਮੰਡਲ, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 9. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਮੰਡੀ ਬੋਰਡ, ਬਠਿੰਡਾ,
- 10. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਪੰਚਾਇਤੀ ਰਾਜ, ਬਠਿੰਡਾ,
- 11. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਲਾਈਨਿੰਗ ਮੰਡਲ ਨੰ: 2, ਪਜਸਪਵਨ, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 12. ਕਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਪੀ.ਡਬਲਯੂ.ਡੀ. ਬੀ.ਐਡ.ਆਰ. ਮਾਨਸਾ
- 13. ਮੰਡਲ ਭੂਮੀ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਅਫ਼ਸਰ, ਮਾਨਸਾ
- 14. ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਅਫਸਰ, ਪ੍ਰਾਇਮਰੀ ਅਤੇ ਸੈਕੰਡਰੀ,
- 15. ਸਮੂਹ ਬਲਾਕ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਚਾਇਤ ਅਫ਼ਸਰ, ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਮਾਨਸਾ

ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰ: ਜਪਮ/ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ/ 2472 - 66 ਮਿਤੀ : 19/05/23

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ:

ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਅਧੀਨ ਸਮਾਂਬੱਧ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਨਾਲ ਮਸਟਰੋਲ ਦੀ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕਰਨ ਸਬੰਧੀ।

ਉਕਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਦੀਆਂ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਮਸਟਰੋਲ ਖ਼ਤਮ ਹੋਣ ਦੇ 7 ਦਿਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਅੰਦਰ-2 ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕਰਨੀ ਲਾਜਮੀ ਹੈ, ਜੇਕਰ ਇਹ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਸਮਾਂਬੱਧ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਨਾਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਤਾਂ ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਦੀਆਂ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਡਿਲੇ ਕੰਪਨਸੇਸ਼ਨ ਦੇਣਾ ਬਣਦਾ ਹੈ, ਜਿਸ ਦੀ ਰਿਕਵਰੀ ਸਬੰਧਤ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ/ਵਿਭਾਗ ਜਿਸ ਪੱਧਰ ਤੇ ਮਸਟਰੋਲ ਜਮਾਂ/ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕਰਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਦੇਰੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ, ਉਹਨਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇਗੀ। ਇਸ ਪੱਤਰ ਨਾਲ ਮਸਟਰੋਲ ਦੀ ਮਿਣਤੀ ਅਤੇ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਨੱਥੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਭੇਜੀਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਇਸ ਸਮਾਂਸਾਰਣੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਮਸਰੋਲ ਜਮਾਂ/ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇ।

ਟੀ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ(ਵਿ),

ਮਿਤੀ: 19.06.23 ਪਿੱਠ ਅੰਕਣ ਨੰ: 2957 - 88 ਇਸਦਾ ਉਤਾਰਾਂ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਹਿੱਤ ਭੇਜਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ। 1. ਸੰਯੁਕਤ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ-ਕਮ-ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ, ਮੋਹਾਲੀ

2. ਡਿਪਟੀ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ, ਮਾਨਸਾ

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ਦਫ਼ਤਰ ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਸ਼ਦ, ਮਾਨਸਾ (भगतनेगा मैंस)

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- ा. म्यून मात्र क्रमीस्त्रक विकादेश, सितुर अन्त्रम
- वित्यु सेवारण्य अवस्था, अरुप्ताः
 सण्यन्याची विभोजीच्या, स्थित अंद्रातः, प्रतिभागाः
- ८, वाकावाची विश्वीतीलव, चारो.हो. ल्यापको,
- s. बारकाची सिमीतीकर, कारी.घी. मेरहूब.
- तन्यनवन्त्री विनेतीलव, शांत भवे विरोटेशर शेवस री. 1, भारतग.
- 7. जावनवाची क्रिसीठीचव, बाम वर्त मेठीटेस्ट लेवल ही. 2, सहस्म,
- ४. बाक्सवादी हिंसीतीनाव, स्ता विकास भीवत, १८ठार,
- 9. वासमवाची हिमोठोभव, भेडी बेस्ड, वर्डिंड',
- 10. वाजनवारी हिनोठोषय, पंचारिजी वास, गाउँजा,
- 11. ਬਾਰਜਬਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਸਾਈਨਿੰਡ ਮੰਤਨ ਨੂੰ 2, ਪੁਜਸਪਥਨ, ਮਾਨਸਾ,
- 12. ਬਾਰਜਕਾਰੀ ਇੰਜੀਨੀਅਰ, ਪੀ.ਡਬਲਯੂ.ਡੀ. ਬੀ.ਐਂਡ.ਆਰ. ਮਾਨਸਾ
- भेवल हुओ वॅदिका भड़मत, भारता
 भिक्त शिविका भड़मत, प्राहिभवी भड़े पैक्वंबरो,
- 15. ਸਮੂਹ ਬਲਾਕ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਚਾਇਤ ਅੰਫਸਰ. किए भारता

ਪੈਤਰ ਨੇ: ਜਪਮਾ ਮਕਨਰੇਵਾਂ/ 2472 - ਹੈ6 ਮਿਤੀ 19/ਰਫੀ23

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ਮਗਨਚੇਗ਼ਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਅਧੀਨ ਸਮਾਂਬਾਰ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਨਾਲ ਮਸਟਰੇਲ ਦੀ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕਰਨ ਸਬੰਧੀ।

ਉੱਕਰ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਮਗਨਰੋਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਦੀਆਂ ਹਦਾਇਤਾ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਮਸਟਰੌਰ ਖਤਮ ਹੋਣ ਦੇ 7 ਦਿਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਅੰਦਵ-2 ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕਰਨੀ ਲਾਜਮੀ ਹੈ, ਜੇਕਰ ਇਹ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਸਮਾਂਸ਼ੋਹ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਨਾਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਤਾਂ ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਮਰਲਚੇਗਾ ਸ਼ਹੀਮ ਦੀਆਂ ਹਵਾਇਤਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਤਿਲੇ ਕੰਪਨਸੇਸ਼ਨ ਦੇਣਾ ਸ਼ਣਦਾ ਹੈ. ਜਿਸ ਦੀ ਰਿਕਵਰੀ ਸਬੰਧਤ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ/ਵਿਭਾਗ ਜਿਸ ਪੱਧਰ ਤੇ ਮਸਟਰੇਲ ਜਮਾਂ/ਅਦਾਇਟੀ ਕਰਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਦੇਰੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ, ਉਹਨਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਵੇਗੀ। ਇਸ ਪੱਤਰ ਨਾਲ ਮਸਟਰੇਲ ਦੀ ਮਿਣਤੀ ਅਤੇ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਹਵਾਇਤਾਂ ਨੱਜੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਤੇਜੀਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਕਿਸਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਇਸ ਸਮਾਂਸਾਰਣੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਮਸਹੌਲ ਜਮਾਂਅਦਾਇਗੇ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਰੇ।

ਜ਼ਿੱਲ ਅੰਕਣ ਨੰ: 2951-53 ਮਿਤੀ: 19-66-23 ਇਸਦਾ ਉਤਾਰਾਂ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚਨਾਂ ਹਿੱਤ ਭੇਜਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ।), ਸੰਯੁਕਤ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ-ਕਮ-ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਮੁਣਨਰੇਗਾ, ਮੋਹਾਨੀ

ਡਿਪਟੀ ਕਮਿਸਨਰ, ਮਾਨਸਾ

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ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਪੇਛੂ' ਵਿਕਾਸ ਤੋਂ ਪੰਚਾਇਤ ਵਿਭਾਗ , ਸੰਯੁਕਤ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ – ਕਮ– ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ, ਦਵਤਰ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਭਵਨ , ਸੈਕਟਰ 62, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ. ਨਗਰ।

मेरा हिधे.

ਵਧੀਕ ਡਿਪਟੀ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ (ਵਿਕਾਸ)-ਕਮ ਵਧੀਕ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਪ੍ਰੋਗਰਾਮ ਕੋਆਰਡੀਨੇਟਰ, ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ, ਪੰਜਾਬ

ਮੀਮੋ ਨੰ: 26/13/2014/NCS /4118-3 9 ਮਿਤੀ 28.2.2019

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ:

Regarding Standard Operating Procedure for monitoring Delayed

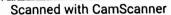
Payment and Compensation for delayed payment

ਹਵਾਲਾ:

ਇਸ ਦਫਤਰ ਦੇ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰ. 26/13/2014/NC 5/18218-239 ਮਿਤੀ 19.12.2018 (ਕਾਪੀ ਨੱਥੀ)

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਹਵਾਲਾ ਪਾਤਰ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਅਧੀਨ ਭਾਰਤ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਜਾਰੀ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ SOP ਭੇਜਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਸਦੀ ਪਾਲਣਾ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਹਦਾਇਤ ਕੀਤੀ ਗਈ ਸੀ। ਇਸ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਵਿਚ ਦਸਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਭਾਰਤ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਜੋਰ ਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਲਾਤਪਾਤਰੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਉਜਰਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਲਈ ਸਮੇਂ ਸਿਰ FTO generate ਕਰਨਾ ਯਕੀਨੀ ਬਣਾਇਆ ਜਾਵੇ। ਸਮੇਂ ਸਿਰ ਅਦਾਹਿਗੀ ਨਾ ਹੋਣ ਦੀ ਸੂਰਤ ਵਿਚ ਬੰਨਣ ਵਾਲੇ Delay Compensation ਦੀ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਸੰਬੰਧਤ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ/ਕਰਮਚਾਰੀ ਤੋਂ recover ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇ. ਉਕਤ ਦੇ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਵਿਚ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਮੁੜ ਤੋਂ ਭਾਰਤ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵਲੋਂ ਜਾਰੀ Standard Operating Procedure for monitoring Delayed Payment and Compensation for delayed payment ਦੀ ਕਾਪੀ ਭੇਜਦੇ ਹੋ ਇਸਦੀ ਪਾਲਣਾ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਹਦਾਇਤ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ।

ھے۔ ਡਿਪਟੀ ਡਾਇਰੈਕਟਰ (ਇ.ਪੀ.)



ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਪੇਰੂ' ਵਿਕਾਸ ਤੇ ਪੰਚਾਇਤ ਵਿਭਾਗ , ਸੰਯੁਕਤ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਹ – ਕਮ– ਕਮਿਸ਼ਨਰ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ, ਦਫਤਰ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਭਵਨ , ਸੈਕਟਰ 62, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ. ਨਗਰ।

मेरा हिधे.

ਸਮੂਹ ਵਧੀਕ ਡਿਪਟੀ ਕਮਿਸਨਰਜ਼ (ਵਿ)-ਕਮ-ਵਧੀਕ ਜਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਪ੍ਰੋਗਰਾਮ ਕੋਆਰਡੀਨੇਟਰਜ਼, ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ, ਪੰਜਾਬ

ਮੀਮੋ ਨੰ: 26/13/2014/NC5/18218-239 ਮਿਤੀ: 19.12.2018

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ:-

Regarding Standard Operating Procedure for monitoring Delayed Payment and Compensation for delayed payment

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਵਿਸੇ ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਦੱਸਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਭਾਰਤ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ ਸਕੀਮ ਅਧੀਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਸਿਰ ਉਜਰਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਅਦਾਇਗੀ ਨੂੰ mointer ਕਰਨ ਲਈ Standard Operating Procedure ਬਣਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਇਸ ਦਫਤਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰ. 26/13/2014/NC-5/2343-86 ਮਿਤੀ 03.04.2017 ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜਾਰੀ delay compensation system ਦੀ ਹਦਾਇਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਲਗਾਤਾਰਤਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਭਾਰਤ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਜਾਰੀ Standard Operating Procedure for monitoring Delayed Payment and Compensation for delayed payment ਇਸ ਪੱਤਰ ਨਾਲ ਨੱਥੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਯੋਗ ਕਾਰਵਾਈ ਹਿਤ ਭੇਜਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ।

ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਹਦਾਇਤ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਇਸ SOP ਦੀ ਪਾਲਨਾ ਕਰਨੀ ਯਕੀਨੀ ਬਣਾਈ ਜਾਵੇ।

ਕਮਿਸ਼ਲ੍ਹੇ ਮਗਨਰੇਗਾ

Contents

Abbreviations used:
1. Background:4
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3.3 Responsibility for operationalizing the system
Table 1 Suggestive timeline (T+15) and processes
Figure 1 Process flow for the T+8 timeline

Abbreviations used:

Al	breviations u	sea:		
1	Accredited Bank	Bank where Ministry's account is maintained		
2	AE	Asst Engineer		
3	CBS	Core Banking Service		
-	DSC	Digital Signature Cortificate		
5	DEO	Data Entry Operator		
6	DoP	Department of Posts		
7	e-MR	Electronic Muster Roll		
8	e-MB	Electronic Measurement Book		
9	FTO	Fund Transfer order		
10	GP	Gram Panchayat		
11	GRS	Gram Rojgar Sahayak		
12	JE	Junior Engineer		
13	MoRD	Ministry of Rural Development		
		Management Information System used interchangeably		
14	MIS	with NREGA Soft.		
		National Informatics Centre- Department of Rural		
15	NIC-DRD	Development		
16	NREGA Soft	MIS system of MGNREGA		
17	Ne-FMS	National Electronic Fund Management System		
	NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India		
18		Public Financial Management System		
19	PFMS	Project Implementing Agency		
20	PIA			
21	PO	Programme Officer		
22	SEGF	State Employment Guarantee Fund		
23	Sponsor Bank	Banks with States SEGF NeFMS account		
24	TA	Technical Assistant		
	VT AA-			

Standard Operating Procedure for monitoring Delayed Payment and Compensation for delayed payment:

1. Background:

The Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2005 under Section 3 entitles the MGNREGA worker to receive their daily wages on a weekly basis and in any case not later than a fortnight from the date of closure of Muster Roll. In case the Wage are not paid within the stipulated period of 15 days from the date of closure of Muster Roll, the MGNREGA worker are entitled to receive payment of compensation for the delay, at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wages per day of delay beyond the sixteenth day of closure of muster roll as per the Schedule II, para 29 (1) of the Act. The State Government shall pay the compensation upfront after due verification within the time limit and recover the compensation amount from the functionaries or agencies who is responsible for the delay in payment.

An attempt was made to analyse the delayed transactions made during the FY 2016-17. It was found that 96% of the transactions are being made by 17 States. The State specific timely payment trend was also analysed. It was found that at the national level, the trend of timely payment of wages have been in an increasing trend i.e from 27% during the FY 2014-15 to 44.5% during the FY 2016-17. During the FY 2016-17, out of the total transactions, 21% payments are generated in the 16th-30th day time while 35% of the transactions are delayed beyond 30 days of closure of Muster roll. Secondly, the delay compensation calculation are enabled in NREGA Soft since the FA 2013-14. As on date, 32% of the claims are verified and out of the approved amount of Rs. 65.52 Cr, sum of Rs. 39 Cr (60% of total approved amount) is paid as compensation towards delayed payment. In view of this, there is an urgent need for ensuring timely payment of wages and payment of compensation towards delayed payment. The Ministry has issued a guideline on Compensation for delayed wage payment during June, 2014. In addition, the Ministry has organised consultation meeting with 16 State Governments in the Month of April, 2017 to strategize timely payment of wages during the FY 2017-18. On the basis of the consultation, the Standard Operating Process for monitoring timely payment process is prepared.

Provisions in the MGNREG Act and Schodules:

For payment of wages to workers and compensation for delayed payment, following provisions are there in the Act and Schedule-II of the Act:

Section-3, Sub section-3: The disbursement of daily wage shall be made on a weekly basis or in any case not later than a fortnight after the date on which such work was

Para 16, Schedule-I of the Act: Payments shall only be made based on the Measurements taken at the worksite by the authorized personnel within three days

Schedule II, Para 29 (1): Wage seekers are entitled to receive payment of compensation for the delay, at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wages per day of delay beyond the sixteenth day of closure of muster roll.

- (a) Any delay in payment of compensation beyond a period of fifteen days from the date it becomes payable shall be considered in the same manner as the delay in
- (b) For the purpose of ensuring accountability in payment of wages and to calculate culpability of various functionaries/ agencies, the States shall divide the processes leading to determination and payment of wages into various stages
 - Measurement of work;
 - · Computerising the muster roll;
 - Computerising the measurement;
 - · Generation of wage list; and
 - Uploading FTOs.

and specify stage-wise maximum time limits along with the functionary or agency which is responsible for discharging the specific function.

- (c) The computer system (MIS) shall have a provision to automatically calculate the payable based on the date of closure of the muster roll and the date of deposit of wages in the accounts of the wage seeker.
- (d) The State Government shall pay the compensation upfront after due verification within time limit and recover compensation amount from the functionaries or agencies responsible for the delay in payment.
- (e) It is the duty of the Dist. Programme Coordinator or the Programme officer to ensure that the system is operational.
- (f) The number of days of delay, the compensation payable and actually paid shall be reflected in the MIS and the Labour Budget.

- 2. The Process flow for payment of wages:
 - 2.1 The process for payment of wages to wage seekers in the T+15 timeline (In Ne-FMS mode)

The process flow for T+8 timeline

As per Para 21 of Schedule-II of the Act, employment shall be provided for at least fourteen days continuously with not more than six days in a week. Accordingly, Muster rolls are issued for a duration of 6 days or 14 days as per the work specific requirements. The programme Officer supplies each Gram Panchayat with the Muster Rolls for the works sanctioned to be executed by it.

Muster Roll at the Programme Officer (PO) Level are electronically generated and the printed copies after authorization are given to the Gram Rojgar Sahayak (GRS) of the respective Gram Panchayats or any other person authorized by the State Government. The GRS/ authorized representative can collect the same from the

- Data Entry operator enters the measurement value in MIS giving reference to the Measurement Book number and date of measurement;
- Data entry operator generates the Wage list and the Accountant/ Asst Programme Officer authenticates the wage list;
- The 1st signatory generates the FTO and send it to the Programme Officer/ authorised personnel for 2nd signature.
- The 2nd signatory approves the FTO and pushes to the FTO to PFMS.
- Amount is credited in the bank account of the worker and response of PFMS is sent to NREGA soft for record.

The above process should be completed in 15 days timeline. In order to ensure that the wage is credited in the account of wage seeker, the Ministry has issued the guideline of Ne-FMS dated 25th May, 2016. The ideal timeline for pushing the FTO after signing by the second signatory is illustrated below.

Table 1 Suggestive timeline (T+15) and processes

SUGGESTIVE TIMELINES	1
PROCESSES	MAX. PERIOD
Last date of Muster roll as per e-muster	T
Data entry of attendance into MIS	T+2
Measurement of the work and entering the same in NREGASoft	T+5
Generation of wage list.	T+6
Generation of FTOs (1st Signatory).	T+7
Approval of FTO for payment (2nd Signatory).	T+8
Wage credited in to the account of the wage seeker	T+15

The table lists the ideal processes involved till the time Muster is closed to the time wage is credited in the account of the wage seeker.

2.2 Role of different functionaries/ Institutions in the wage payment process:

For payment of wages, following Stakeholders are involved:

Table 2 Internal and External Stakeholders in the payment process

Internal Stakeholders	External Stakeholders
 Ministry of Rural Development State Government District Programme Coordinated Programme Officer, Asst Prog. Officer. Line Department acting as Project Implementing 	1. PFMS 2. NPCI 3. Banks 4. DOP/ Post Offices
Agency 6. Junior Engineer/ Asst Engineer 7. Technical Assistant/ Barefoot technicians 8. Data Entry Operator 9. Gram Rojgar Sahayak 10 Mates/ worksite supervisor	

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11. Gram Panchayat officials such as Panchayat

In order to ensure timely payment of wages (Within 15 days of closure of MR) to the workers, it is essential that all stakeholders in the system adhere to the suggestive timeline. This broadly categorized into the following:

- a. Field functionaries involved up to the generation of FTOs;
- b. MoRD officials involved in release of Fund order (In case of Ne-FMS);
- c. Agencies (PFMS/Banke/NPCI/DoP/NIC-DRD) involved in the movement and processing of FTOs and crediting in to the accounts of the workers.

The role of each stakeholder in the process of payment of wages and delay compensation is described in the following table:

Table 3 Role matrix for various stakeholders

able 3 Role me	atrix for various stakeho	lders	the state of the
	Million is	13.918; Honer pour	in to the second
start of Work	Gram Rozgar	 Collect e-MR duly authorized by PO Office Verify the e-MR against the Job Card and the Wage Seekers name. Visit to the Work site Inform the Wage Seekers applied for job Select a mate from the labour group working for the Muster Period and handover the Muster for daily attendance. 	
T (Closure of MR)	Gram Rozgar Sahayak (GRS)	 Visits to the work site Check the attendance of workers filled in the e-MR by the mate. Collect completed e-MRs from the mate. Submit the filled in muster to the GP office for authorization and submit the signed copy to the data entry operator 	Not to delay
T+2 (within days from the closure MR	Gram Rozga Sahayak (GRS) Data Entr Operator (DEO)	operator placed in GP/ Block office entry. • Receive e-MRs from the GRS. • Check the completeness of the manual attendance entries made in the e-MRs submitted by GRS. • Mark attendance entries in the e-MR in the NREGA MIS. • Handover the copies of the e-MRs to Technical Assistant/ Junior Engineer for	
T+5 (betwee 3rd to day fr the date closure	5th Engineer com e of	measurement:	1

	11 10 11/0		
MR.			
	Junior Engineer/ Assistant Engineer	 Calculate the volume of materials used on the work as per SOR for the muster period Complete the recording of the measurement in the back side of the e-MR Complete the recording of the measurement in the Measurement Book/e-MB Submit the e-MR and MB to the Junior Engineer/ Assistant Engineer for check measurement (case to case basis) Collect the e-MR and MB from the TA/JE. Visit to the work site Check the measurements recorded in the back side of the e-MR and MB by the TA/JE Correct the measurement taken, if there is a discrepancy in the measurement by the TA/JE Certify the measurement in the back side of the e-MR and MB Submits the e-MR and MB/e-MB to the DEO for data entry into the NREGA MIS 	within 5 days of closure of MR.
T+6 (on 6th day from the closure of MR		 Collect the e-MR and MB/ e-MB from the TA/ JE/ AE. Make entries of the measurements taken into the NREGA MIS Generate the wage list for the muster period and push the wage list for the generation of the FTO. 	generated within 1 day of measurement entry in MIS.
T+7 (on 7th day from the closure of MR)	First Signatory	 Receives the wage list generated from the NREGA MIS. Verify the wage list for correctness of the 	

MR)	 Official in Programme Division of MoRD to push the release and Sanction order.! Accredited bank to release the sanctioned amount to SEGF-Ne-FMS account with the State Sponsored bank/ Post Office. Sponsor banks/ Post office to process the FTOs on real time basis and credit the amount in the workers bank account and share the response to NREGA soft confirming the credit of wage in the workers account.

In case of works executed by the Line Department (Project Implementing Agency), the entire process i.e starting from closure of MR to pushing of FTOs need to be completed by the authorised personnel of the PIA. In NREGA soft, provision is being enabled to track the process/ stage of pendency in works executed by PIAs.

3. Delay Compensation:

3.1 Calculation of compensation:

As per the provisions mentioned in Schedule-II of the Act, wage seekers are entitled to receive payment of compensation for the delay, at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wages per day for the duration of delay beyond the sixteenth day of closure of muster roll. The NEGA Soft has a provision to automatically calculate the compensation payable to the MGNREGA worker based on the date of closure of muster roll and the date of generation of pay order for paying wages. The delay wage payment logic of NREGA soft examines the following in order to arrive at the compensation payable to MGNREGA workers:

- (a) Date of payment of wages
- (b) Date of closure of muster roll
- (c) The duration of such delay
- (d) Total wage payable
- (e) Rate of compensation (i.e 0.05%)

3.2 Prompt verification of the delay compensation:

Every programme officer (PO) shall within 15 days from the date of the delay compensation became due, decide whether the compensation that has been automatically calculated by the NREGA soft is payable or not. The POs will ensure that compensation claims are settled during this time and such claims will not be allowed to be accumulated without decision. The DPC will monitor this regularly. For the above purpose, compensation payable shall be decided by the PO except the following circumstances:

In case of E-FMS, the step i.e MoRD officials signing daily sanction against the FTOs generated Page 9 of 17 is not followed.

- (a) Compensation not due i.e wages have been paid in time but details not entered in MIS;
- (b) Natural calamities;

(c) Funds are not available at the paying authority level (Only in case of States where payments are made through e-FMS platform)

In case of rejection, the PO shall give detailed reasons for rejection in the MIS. All cases approved for payment of compensation as stated above shall be moved for generation of wage slip followed by uploading of FTO in the same manner as the wages are paid.

3.3 Responsibility for operationalizing the system:

The State Government shall be responsible for identifying various processes to be completed between the time muster is closed and wage payment is made and notify

- a. The Process:
- b. Functionary/ agency responsible for completing the process; and
- c. Timeline for completing the process

These details are to be uploaded in NREGA soft so that the IT system automatically calculates the liability of each functionary/ agency in case of delayed payment.

3.4 Financing Compensation:

The Compensation shall be paid by the State Government upfront from the available fund subject to recovery from the functionary/ agency concerned. For accounting for the compensation paid, a separate account within SEGF shall be maintained and reflected in MIS under e-FMS. It shall be the duty of the designated DPC or PO to follow the extent recovery procedure to recover the compensation amount so paid under the system from the functionaries/ agencies responsible for such delay in payment of wages. The amount so recovered shall be deposited into the account opened for the purpose of payment of compensation.

4. Reasons for delay in wage payment, payment of compensation and the Strategy to increase timely payment of wages:

Although both the Central Government and State Governments have taken steps for timely payment of wages, only 47% payments are generated within 15 days of time limit. In order to understand the reasons for delayed transactions, the Ministry has recently consulted with 16 State governments. It was found that following are the major reasons which causes delay in generation of pay orders.

 Delay in filling of attendance sheet on account of delayed submission of filled in muster by the GRS or non entry of attendance by DEO within 2 days of closure of muster;

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- 2. Delay in measurement of work due to inadequate number of Technical Assistants/ barefoot technicians.
- 3. Delay on Check Measurement by Junior engineer/ Asst Engineer on the Measurement submitted by TA.
- Delay in generation of wage list by DEO and authorisation by APO.
- 5. Delay in signing of ITOs by Signatories exceeding the T+8 timeline.
- 6. Lack of IT infrastructure at GP level for which the GRS has to bring the filled in MR to Block office for entry. On account of difficulty in physical movement of filled in MR to Block office, the delay happens.
- Inadequate CBS based banking facility.
- 8. Mismatch of wage seekers account information due to wrong entry of account particulars in NREGA soft.
- 10. Unavailability of fund in case of States where the payment is made in e-FMS mode.

Among the above reasons, Sl. 1-5 pertains to the process of generating FTOs and Sl 6-9 are service level gaps. Despite all these difficulties, efforts need to be made to complete the process of generating FTOs in the T+8 timeline so that payments can be credited into the account of the wage seekers within 15 days of closure of MR.

In order to increase the timely payment of wages, following strategy is suggested:

- a. Tracking the Muster Roll and ensuring the suggested timelines are adhered to during the FY 2017-18. Ensuring that no MR is pending for payment beyond
- b. Verification of the Delay Compensation cases within 15 days the compensation becomes due and payment to eligible cases. The Compensation to be recovered from the functionary institution concerned causing the delay.
- c. Rationalization of staffing strength.

4.1 Monitoring the wage payment process and capacity building of staffs:

The NREGA Soft has provisions for generating report to track the status of the e-MR across the T+8 Timeline, so that appropriate action can be taken for timely payment of wages. In order to monitor the entire process, following reports will be useful:

- a) Report R 4.1 (Muster rolls issued Vs Muster filled): This report enables to count the number of e-MRs and physical musters issued, filled in a particular month and in the year. In order to see the number of E-Musters generated for unskilled workers and the number of e-MRs pending entry, deleted musters etc, the report R.4.2 can be referred.
- b) Report R 14.3: In the Delay Monitoring dash board, the stage wise pendency of MR across the T+8 Timeline can be seen. It also has a provision to see as on date, the list of e-MRs pending for fulfilling the timeline of T+8. This report

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can be used to send alert to the functionaries to complete their task before the due date.

- c) Report R 14.2: In this report, the list of Musters pending for payment beyond T+15 days can be viewed. The complete list of e-MRs are available in this report. This will help the functionary to prioritise generation of FTOs for those musters which are already delayed.
- d) Report R 8.1.1: This report helps to see No. of FTOs pending for signature at 1st and 2nd Signatory level.
- e) Report R 7.2.2: This report provides the count of number of transactions which are already delayed with duration of delay i.e between 15-30 days, 30-60 days, 60-90 days, 90 days and above.

An analytical report may be generated taking status of the MR, Process delay, delay transaction etc and the staffs such as GRS, DEO, TA, JE, AE, APO and PO may be sensitized on the processes and sub processes and the need for timely generation of

4.2 100% verification of delay compensation calculated by NREC Soft:

Provision is made in the NREGA soft to automatically calculate the compensation payable to the wage seeker. The Report R 14.1 helps to understand the delay compensation amount payable, amount verified, amount pending for verification, amount paid etc. All claims should be verified within 15 days the amount becomes payable. The eligible claims should be paid after verification. State Government should issue a comprehensive guideline/verification detailing the process/ sub processes to be followed and the functionary/institution responsible for completing the processes.

4.3 Rationalization of staffing under MGNREGA:

The timely completion of the T+8 process is largely dependent on the availability of adequate staff such as Gram Rojagar Sahayak, Data Entry Operator, Technical Asst, JE/AE, Programme Officers etc. The vacancy positions in respect of above posts may be filled by the State Government. Analysis may be done to understand the different works assigned to respective staff and the corresponding work load, geographical coverage by the staffs, commuting time etc. The delay at each staff level may be monitored and adequate staff may be deployed to carry out the processes in time.

5. Improvements in NREGA Soft reports for timely monitoring and easing the process of generating FTOs:

During the consultation meetings held with 16 State Governments, the user requirements were listed and following improvements in NREGA Soft are being

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done to facilitate smooth generation of FTOs and monitoring of the delay processes:

- A report on day wise tracking of musters is enabled in NREGA Soft so that alerts can be sent to functionaries to meet the T+8 timeline (R 14.3). A separate report is enabled, showing the complete list of Dist, Block and GP where the T+8 timeline is exceeded.
- ii. SMS based alert to GRS, TAs, POs is being put in place for daily update on the pendency of MR at their level.
- iii. Provision to print blank e-MB is provided in the system against a Muster, so that engineers can do the measurement independently and are not depend on the filled in muster.
- iv. E-MR generated have provision for digital signature and digitally signed Musters can be treated as authentic. This will reduce the travel time of GSR to collect from Block office.
- v. While generating FTOs, "Select All" option is enabled, which will save
- vi. In case of rejected transactions, the reasons for rejection is not reflected and hence, corrective action cannot be taken. Banks/ PO may be advised to send the reasons for rejection. Even there are cases, where the transactions are rejected multiple times for a worker. A report detailing the list of workers whose transactions are rejected multiple times is enabled in the system to know the reasons for such rejections.
- vii. Separate login provisions is enabled for Line Departments (PIA), so that all entry can be done at their level.
- viii. In case of delay compensation, the PIAs are authorized to verify the delay and make concerned officials accountable for the delay.
- ix. The report R 14.2 is improvised showing the number of MRs deleted.
- x. The reset password option for GP log in, PO Login is provided at District level. This may reduce the time for activating the GP and Block log in.
- xi. Alternate arrangement for DSC (Link officer) provision is enabled in the system so as to reduce the time taken for handing over the DSC.
- xii. The analytical report combining the 3 reports (R 14.1, 14.2 and R 4.1) is enabled as R 14.4 for generating monitoring reports for the District, Block and GP level.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs):

1. What do you mean by timely payment of wages?

The Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2005 under Section 3 entitles the MGNREGA worker to receive their daily wages on a weekly basis and in any case not later than a fortnight from the date of closure of muster. This means, payments credited into the account of the wage seeker within 15 days of closure of muster roll is treated as timely payment of wages.

2. What happens when the Wage not paid in Time?

In case the Wage are not paid within the stipulated period of 15 days from the date of closure of Muster Roll, the MGNREGA worker are entitled to receive payment of compensation for the delay, at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wages per day of delay beyond the sixteenth day of closure of muster roll.

What is the Process Involved for payment of Wages to MGNREGA Worker?

The payment transaction is generated by completing these five processes:

- Measurement of work;
- Computerising the muster roll;
- Computerising the measurement;
- Generation of wage list; and
- Uploading FTOs

follows:

The above processes need to be completed within 8 days of closure of Muster roll.

4. What is the T+8 and T+15 timeline? The ideal process for payment of wages to workers within 15 days of closure of Muster Roll requires pushing of FTOs signed by 2nd Signatory in T+8 days and amount credited in the account by T+15 days. The process wise time line is as

SUGGESTIVE TIMELINES	MAX. PERIOD
PROCESSES	T
Last date of Muster roll as per e-muster	T+2
Data entry of attendance into MIS Measurement of the work and entering the same in	T+5
NREGASoft	T+6
Generation of wage list.	T+7
Generation of FTOs (1st Signatory).	T+8
Approval of FTO for payment (2nd Signatory).	T+15
Vage credited in to the account of the wage seeker	

5. How the muster rolls are filled in the work site?

Once the GRS carries the E-MR to the worksite, the Mate (One of the Worker among the group of workers working during a muster period), physically mark the attendance in the e-MR. In the last day of the Muster Period, the GRS visits the worksite and collect the e-MR from the Mate, verify the e-MR to ensure completeness of the filling of attendance in the e-MR and collects the e-MR from the Mate and submit it to the Data Entry Operator (DEO) based at the PO office.

6. What happens after the submission of the e-MR by GRS?

After the GRS submits the filled in e-MR at the PO office, the DEO enters the data in the NRBGA MIS and mark the attendance against the workers. Once the attendance are marked in the MIS, the e-MRs are given to the Technical Assistant/ Junior Engineer (JE) for measurement of the work done for the Muster Period.

7. What does the Technical Assistant/ Junior Engineer do after receiving the e-MR from the DEO?

The Technical Assistant/ Junior Engineer visits to the work site along with the e-MR for measurement of work done. Measurement of work done includes the calculation of the volume of work completed based on the Schedule of Rate (SOR). This also calculates the amount of wage to be paid to the workers for the volume of works completed and volume of materials used in the work during the muster period. These calculations are recorded in the Measurement Book for future reference. The Measurement of Work shall be completed within 5 days of the closure of Muster Roll.

8. What is Check Measurement and why it is needed?

Check Measurement is a process of re checking the volume of work done for a muster period. This could be done in a sample basis by the Junior Engineer/ Assistant Engineer/ Executive Engineer based on the amount of work done. Different States have kept different threshold limits for such Check Measurements.

How the work measurement are entered into the NREGA MIS?

After completion of the measurement of work by the TA/ JE and check measurement by JE/ AE (if needed), the e-MR along with the Measurement Book (MB) deposited to the DEO at the PO office. The DEO enters the measurement recording into the NREGA MIS and give reference to the Measurement Book number and date of measurement. This process shall be completed by 5th of from the closure of Muster Roll.

10. How the Wage List is generated?

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The Wage List is the document prepared after the attendance and measurement/ check measurement filled into the NREGA MIS. This is a process of rechecking the entries, comparing the work done against the total bill of wages and material generated, checking the worker details such as job card, bank account number etc. After completion of these verifications, the wage list is created within the NREGA MIS for a particular duration and pushed in the system for preparation of the Fund Transfer Order (FTO).

11. How Fund Transfer Order (FTO) are generated and pushed for payment?

The FTOs are prepared by consolidating the Wage Lists generated for a particular Muster Period. FTOs can be generated for a single Wage List or for multiple Wage Lists in the NREGA MIS. Once the FTOs are prepared has to be digitally signed by the first signatory duly authorising the payment. Once the first signatory completes the process the FTO is pushed to the second signatory for approval by 7th day from the closure of Muster Roll. The second signatory authenticates the FTO by his/ her digital signature and push it to NeFMS site for payment of wages to the bank accounts of the NREGA Worker listed in the FTO.

12. How the Delay Compensation is calculated?

As per the provisions under Para 29(b) of the Schedule II of the MGNREGA, the delay compensation are paid to the NREGA worker in case the wage payment are not made to the worker within 15 days from the closure of Muster Roll. From the 16th day till the date of payment of wages, the worker entitled to receive delay compensation at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wage. The delay compensation is calculated by the NREGA MIS automatically and displayed in the public portal of NREGA.

13. Who pays the Delay Compensation?

As per the MGNREG Act, the State Government has to pay the Delay Compensation to the worker and subsequently recovers the amount from the responsible functionary/ institution who have caused the delay. For example if the delay is caused due to the late submission of the measurement of work done, the delay compensation has to be recovered from the Technical Assistant/ Junior Engineer who made the measurement.

14. How to monitor whether the functionaries are adhering to the T+8 Timeline or not in NREGA Soft?

The NREGA Soft has provisions for generating report to track the status of the e-MR across the T+8 Timeline to ensure Timely Payment of Wages to the NREGA Workers. Following are the reports which needs to be reviewed in daily basis to ensure timely payment of wages

- Report R 14.3: Delay Monitoring dash board to stage wise pendency of MR across the T+8 Timeline.
- 2 Report R 14.2: No. of Musters pending for payment beyond T+15 days

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- 3. Report R 4.1: Muster rolls issued Vs Muster filled
- 4. Report R 8.1.1: FTO Status report to see No. of FTOs pending for signature at 1rd and 2rd Signatory level
- 5. Report R 7.2.2: Status of Delayed payment
- 6. Report R 14.1: Delay Compensation (Amount payable, Amount verified, Pending for verification, Amount paid etc